



Product Manual

Seagate® Video 2.5 HDD

ST500VT000 ST320VT000 ST250VT000

Gen 2 100685366 Rev. F March 2013

Document Revision History

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Rev. F	03/07/2013	1 & 15.

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When referring to drive capacity, one gigabyte, or GB, equals one billion bytes and one terabyte, or TB, equals one trillion bytes. Your computer's operating system may use a different standard of measurement and report a lower capacity. In addition, some of the listed capacity is used for formatting and other functions, and thus will not be available for data storage. Actual quantities will vary based on various factors, including file size, file format, features and application software. Actual data rates may vary depending on operating environment and other factors. The export or re-export of hardware or software containing encryption may be regulated by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Industry and Security (for more information, visit www.bis.doc.gov), and controlled for import and use outside of the U.S. Seagate reserves the right to change, without notice, product offerings or specifications.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This manual describes the functional, mechanical and interface specifications for the following Seagate[®] Video 2.5 HDD model drives:

ST500VT000 ST320VT000 ST250VT000

These drives provide the following key features:

- 5400-RPM spindle speed.
- 16MB buffer.
- Quiet operation. Fluid Dynamic Bearing (FDB) motor.
- High instantaneous (burst) data-transfer rates (up to 3Gb/s).
- Perpendicular recording technology.
- State-of-the-art cache and on-the-fly error-correction algorithms.
- Reliability for 24×7 video applications.
- Native Command Queuing (NCQ) with command ordering.
- Full-track multiple-sector transfer capability without local processor intervention.
- 1000 Gs nonoperating shock and 400 Gs of operating shock.
- SeaTools diagnostic software performs a drive self-test that eliminates unnecessary drive returns.
- The 3D Defense SystemTM, which includes Drive Defense, Data Defense and Diagnostic Defense, offers the industry's most comprehensive protection for disk drives.
- Support for S.M.A.R.T. drive monitoring and reporting.
- Support for Read Multiple and Write Multiple commands.
- Worldwide Name (WWN) capability uniquely identifies the drive.

1.1 ABOUT THE SERIAL ATA INTERFACE

The Serial ATA interface provides several advantages over the traditional (parallel) ATA interface. The primary advantages include:

- Easy installation and configuration with true plug-and-play connectivity. It is not necessary to set any jumpers or other configuration options.
- Thinner and more flexible cabling for improved enclosure airflow and ease of installation.
- Scalability to higher performance levels.

In addition, Serial ATA makes the transition from parallel ATA easy by providing legacy software support. Serial ATA was designed to allow you to install a Serial ATA host adapter and Serial ATA disk drive in your current system and expect all of your existing applications to work as normal.

The Serial ATA interface connects each disk drive in a point-to-point configuration with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/ slave relationship with Serial ATA devices like there is with parallel ATA. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. This essentially means both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

Note The host adapter may, optionally, emulate a master/slave environment to host software where two devices on separate Serial ATA ports are represented to host software as a Device 0 (master) and Device 1 (slave) accessed at the same set of host bus addresses. A host adapter that emulates a master/slave environment manages two sets of shadow registers. This is not a typical Serial ATA environment.

The Serial ATA host adapter and drive share the function of emulating parallel ATA device behavior to provide backward compatibility with existing host systems and software. The Command and Control Block registers, PIO and DMA data transfers, resets, and interrupts are all emulated.

The Serial ATA host adapter contains a set of registers that shadow the contents of the traditional device registers, referred to as the Shadow Register Block. All Serial ATA devices behave like Device 0 devices. For additional information about how Serial ATA emulates parallel ATA, refer to the *Serial ATA International Organization: Serial ATA* (Revision 2.6). The specification can be downloaded from www.serialata.org.

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2.0 DRIVE SPECIFICATIONS

Unless otherwise noted, all specifications are measured under ambient conditions, at 25°C, and nominal power. For convenience, the phrases *the drive* and *this drive* are used throughout this manual to indicate the following drive models:

ST500VT000 ST320VT000 ST250VT000

The specification summaries listed in the following tables are for quick reference. For details on specification measurement or definition, refer to the appropriate section of this manual.

Table 1 Drive Specifications Summary

DRIVE SPECIFICATION	ST500VT000	ST320VT000	ST250VT000
Formatted capacity (512 bytes/sector) ⁽¹⁾	500Gb	320 Gb	250 Gb
Guaranteed sectors	976,773,168	625,142,448	488,397,168
Heads	2		1
Disks	1		
Bytes per sector	512 (Logical) / 4096 (Physical)	
Recording density	1958 Kb/in		
Track density	360 ktracks/in avg		
Areal density	705 Gb/in ² avg		
Spindle speed	5400 RPM		
Sustained data transfer rate OD	100 MB/s max		
I/O data-transfer rate	300 MB/s max		
ATA data-transfer modes supported	PIO modes 0–4 Multiword DMA mod Ultra DMA modes 0–6		
Cache buffer	16 MB		
Height (max)	6.8 +/- 0.2 mm (0.268 +/008 in)		
Width (max)	69.85 +/- 0.25 mm (2.750 +/- 0.010 in)		
Length (max)	100.35 +0.20 / -0.25 m	nm (3.951 +0.008 / -0.010 in)	
Weight (typical)	95 g (0.209 lb)		
Average latency	5.6 ms		
Startup current (typical) 5V (peak)	1.0 A		
Voltage tolerance (including noise)	$5V \pm 5\%$		
Operating temperature (Drive Case temperature)	0° to 65°C		
Nonoperating temperature (Ambient)	-40° to 70°C		
Temperature gradient (max)	20°C per hour max (operating) 35°C per hour max (nonoperating)		
Relative humidity	5% to 95% (operating) 5% to 95% (nonoperating)		
Relative humidity gradient	30% per hour max		

Table 1 Drive Specifications Summary (continued)

DRIVE SPECIFICATION	ST500VT000	ST320VT000	ST250VT000
Wet bulb temperature (max)	37.7°C max (operating) 40.0°C max (nonoperating)		
Altitude, operating	-304.8 m to 3048 m (-1000 f	't to 10,000+ ft)	
Altitude, nonoperating (below mean sea level, max)	-304.8 m to 12,192 m (-1000 ft to 40,000+ ft)		
Operational Shock	400 Gs at 2 ms max		
Non-Operational Shock	1000 Gs at 1 ms max		
Vibration, operating	5–200 Hz: 2.0 Gs 201–500 Hz: 1.0 Gs		
Vibration, nonoperating	5–500 Hz: 5.0 Gs		
Nonrecoverable read errors	1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read		
Annualized Failure Rate (AFR)	0.55%		
Warranty	To determine the warranty for a specific drive, use a web browser to access the following web page: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-returns/</u> From this page, click on the "Verify Your Warranty" link. You will be asked to provide the drive serial number, model number (or part number) and country of purchase. The system will display the warranty information for your drive.		
Load-unload cycles	600,000 at 25°C, 50% rel. humidity		
Supports Hotplug operation per the Serial ATA Revision 2.6 specification	Yes		

1. One GB equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

2.1 FORMATTED CAPACITY

MODEL	FORMATTED CAPACITY ⁽¹⁾	GUARANTEED SECTORS	BYTES PER SECTOR
500GB model	500 GB	976,773,168	
320GB model	320 GB	625,142,448	512 (Logical) / 4096(Physical)
250GB model	250 GB	488,397,168	

1. One GB equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

2.1.1 LBA mode

When addressing these drives in LBA mode, all blocks (sectors) are consecutively numbered from 0 to n-1, where n is the number of guaranteed sectors as defined above.

Refer to **Configuring and Mounting the Drive** on page 14 (words 60-61 and 100-103) for additional information about 48-bit addressing support of drives with capacities over 137 GB.

2.2 PHYSICAL ORGANIZATION

Drive model	Read/write heads	Number of disks
ST500VT000 and ST320VT000	2	1
ST250VT000	1	I

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2.3 RECORDING AND INTERFACE TECHNOLOGY

Interface	Serial ATA (SATA)
Recording method	Perpendicular
Recording density	1958 Kb/in
Track density	360 ktracks/in avg
Areal density	705 Gb/in ² avg
Spindle speed	5400 RPM +/- 0.2%
Sustained data transfer rate	100 MB/s max
I/O data-transfer rate	300 MB/s max

2.4 PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum height	6.8 +/- 0.2 mm (0.370 +/008 in)
Maximum width	69.85 +/- 0.25 mm (2.750 +/- 0.010 in)
Maximum length	100.35 +0.20 / -0.25 mm (3.951 +0.008 / -0.010 in)
Typical weight	95 g (0.209 lb)
Cache buffer	16 MB (16,192 KB)

2.5 SEEK TIME

Seek measurements are taken with nominal power at 25°C ambient temperature. All times are measured using drive diagnostics. The specifications in the table below are defined as follows:

- Track-to-track seek time is an average of all possible single-track seeks in both directions.
- Average seek time is a true statistical random average of at least 5000 measurements of seeks between random tracks, less overhead.

Table 2	Typical seek times

Typical seek times (ms)	Read	
Track-to-track	1.5	
Average	12.0	
Average latency	5.6	

Note These drives are designed to consistently meet the seek times represented in this manual. Physical seeks, regardless of mode (such as track-to-track and average), are expected to meet the noted values. However, due to the manner in which these drives are formatted, benchmark tests that include command overhead or measure logical seeks may produce results that vary from these specifications..

2.6 START/STOP TIMES

Table 3 Start/stop times

Typical seek times (ms)	Typical	Max @ 25°C
Power-on to ready (sec)	3.0	3.5
Standby to ready (sec)	2.5	3.0

2.7 POWER SPECIFICATIONS

The drive receives DC power (+5V) through a native SATA power connector (refer to Figure 2).

2.7.1 Power consumption

Power requirements for the drives are listed in the table in **Table 4**. Typical power measurements are based on an average of drives tested, under nominal conditions, at 25°C ambient temperature.

Spinup power

Spinup power is measured from the time of power-on to the time that the drive spindle reaches operating speed.

Seek mode

During seek mode, the read/write actuator arm moves toward a specific position on the disk surface and does not execute a read or write operation. Servo electronics are active. Seek mode power is measured based on three random seek operations every 100 ms. This mode is not typical.

Read/write power and current

Read/write power is measured with the heads on track, based on three 63 sector read or write operations every 100 ms.

Idle mode power

Idle mode power is measured with the drive up to speed, with servo electronics active and with the heads in a random track location.

Standby mode

During standby mode, the drive accepts commands, but the drive is not spinning, and the servo and read/write electronics are in power-down mode.

Table 4DC Power Requirements

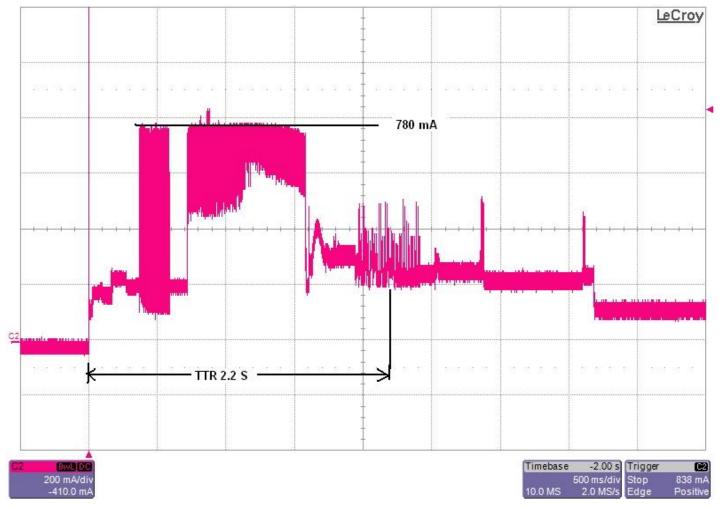
Power Dissipation	+5V INPUT AVERAGE (25° C)
Spinup (max)	1.00A
Write average	1.70W
Read average	1.20W
Idle, active	0.66W
Standby	0.18W
Sleep	0.18W

NOTE Power consumption with DIPM ON.

2.7.1.1 Typical current profiles

The typical 5V startup and operation current profile is shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1 Typical 5V Startup and Operation Current Profile



2.7.2 Conducted noise

Input noise ripple is measured at the host system power supply across an equivalent 15-ohm resistive load on the +5 volt line.

• Using 5-volt power, the drive is expected to operate with a maximum of 100 mV peak-to-peak square-wave injected noise at up to 10 MHz.

Νοτε	Equivalent resistance is calculated by dividing the nominal voltage by the typical RMS read/write current.
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2.7.3 Voltage tolerance

Voltage tolerance (including noise):

• $+5V \pm 5\%$

2.7.4 Power management modes

The drive provides programmable power management to provide greater energy efficiency. In most systems, power management is controlled through the system setup program. The drive features the following power-management modes:

POWER MODES HEADS		SPINDLE	BUFFER
Active (operating) Tracking Rotating Full power		Full power	
Idle, active	Floating	Rotating	Self refresh—low power
Standby Parked Stopped Self		Self refresh—low power	
Sleep	Parked	Stopped	Self refresh—low power

Active mode

The drive is in active mode during the read/write and seek operations.

Idle mode

The buffer remains enabled, and the drive accepts all commands and returns to active mode any time disk access is necessary.

Standby mode

The drive enters standby mode when the host sends a standby Immediate command. If the host has set the standby timer, the drive can also enter standby mode automatically after the drive has been inactive for a specifiable length of time. The standby timer delay is established using a standby command. In standby mode, the drive buffer is enabled, the heads are parked and the spindle is at rest. The drive accepts all commands and returns to active mode any time disk access is necessary.

Sleep mode

The drive enters sleep mode after receiving a sleep command from the host. In sleep mode, the drive buffer is disabled, the heads are parked and the spindle is at rest. The drive leaves sleep mode after it receives a hard reset or soft reset from the host. After receiving a reset, the drive exits sleep mode and enters standby mode with all current translation parameters intact.

Idle and standby timers

Each time the drive performs an active function (read, write or seek), the standby timer is reinitialized and begins counting down from its specified delay times to zero. If the standby timer reaches zero before any drive activity is required, the drive makes a transition to standby mode. In standby mode, the drive accepts all commands and returns to active mode when disk access is necessary.

2.8 Environmental Specifications

This section provides the temperature, humidity, shock, and vibration specifications for Momentus drives.

Ambient temperature is defined as the temperature of the environment immediately surrounding the drive.

The maximum allowable drive case temperature is 65°C (149°F).

NOTE Drive case temperature should be measured at the location indicated in Figure 3 on page 15.

Above 1000 feet (305 meters), the maximum temperature is derated linearly by 1°C every 1000 feet.

Table 5: Environmental specifications

Parameters	Operating	Non-Operating
Ambient temperature	0° to 60° C (32° to 140° F)	-40° to 70° C (-40° to 158° F)
Temperature gradient	20°C per hour (68°F per hour) max, without condensation	35°C per hour (95°F per hour) max, without condensation
Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing (30% per hour)	5% to 95% non-condensing (30% per hour)
Wet bulb	37.7°C (99.8°F) max	40°C (104°F) max
Altitude	-304.8m to 3048m (-1000ft to 10,000ft)	-304.8m to 12,192m (-1000ft to 40,000ft)

	The recommended storage period:
Νοτε	• 1 year under controlled conditions of 34°C 90%RH or less
	• 90 days in uncontrolled storage conditions

2.8.1 Shock

All shock specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input shock applied at the drive mounting screws. Shock may be applied in the X, Y, or Z axis.

2.8.1.1 Operating shock

These drives comply with the performance levels specified in this document when subjected to a maximum operating shock of 400 Gs based on half-sine shock pulses of 2ms. Shocks should not be repeated more than one time per axis

2.8.1.2 Nonoperating shock

The nonoperating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 800 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 2 ms duration.

The nonoperating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 1000 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 1 ms duration.

2.8.2 Vibration

All vibration specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input vibration applied at the drive mounting screws. Vibration may be applied in the X, Y, or Z axis.

2.8.2.1 Operating vibration

The maximum vibration levels that the drive may experience while meeting the performance standards specified in this document are specified below.

5–200 Hz	2.0 Gs (0 to peak). Max displacement may apply below 10 Hz.
201–500 Hz	1.0 Gs (0 to peak).

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2.8.2.2 Nonoperating vibration

The maximum nonoperating vibration levels that the drive may experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation are specified below.

5–500 Hz 5.0 Gs (0 to peak). Max displacement may apply below 22 Hz.

2.9 ACOUSTICS

Drive emission of sound is measured consistent with the ECMA-74 and its referenced standards. Testing is conducted at room temperature (approximately 25°C). Emission levels are reported as the total A-weighted sound power levers for steady state and active seeks modes of operation.

Table 6 Drive A-weighted Sound Power Levels (SWL, BA)

MODELS	IDLE ⁽¹⁾	Performance Seek
ST500VT000, ST320VT000	2.0 bels (typ)	2.2 bels (typ)
and ST250VT000	2.2 bels (max)	2.4 bels (max)

1. During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

2.9.1 Test for prominent discrete tones (PDTs)

Seagate follows the ECMA-74 standards for measurement and identification of PDTs. An exception to this process is the use of the absolute threshold of hearing. Seagate uses the lower limit for the threshold curve* to discern tone audibility and to compensate for the inaudible components of sound prior to computation of tone ratios according to Annex D of the ECMA-74 standards.

*Defined as the median curve given by ISO 389-7 (Tf curve) minus 10dB at all frequencies.

2.10 ELECTROMAGNETIC IMMUNITY

When properly installed in a representative host system, the drive operates without errors or degradation in performance when subjected to the radio frequency (RF) environment as defined in Table 7.

Тезт	DESCRIPTION	Performance Level	REFERENCE STANDARD
Electrostatic discharge	Contact, HCP, VCP: ± 4 kV; Air: ± 8 kV	В	EN 61000-4-2: 95
Radiated RF immunity	80 to 1,000 MHz, 3 V/m, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine 900 MHz, 3 V/m, 50% pulse modulation @ 200 Hz	А	EN 61000-4-3: 96 ENV 50204: 95
Electrical fast transient	\pm 1 kV on AC mains, \pm 0.5 kV on external I/O	В	EN 61000-4-4: 95
Surge immunity	\pm 1 kV differential, \pm 2 kV common, AC mains	В	EN 61000-4-5: 95
Conducted RF immunity	150 kHz to 80 MHz, 3 Vrms, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine	А	EN 61000-4-6: 97
Power Frequency H-field immunity	1 A/m, 50Hz/60Hz, 3 axes	А	EN 61000-4-8: 97
Voltage dips, interrupts	30% Reduction for 25 cycles >95% Reduction for 250 cycles >95%, 0.5 cycles	C C B	EN 61000-4-11: 94

Table 7 Radio Frequency Environments

2.11 RELIABILITY

2.11.1 Annualized Failure Rate (AFR)

The product will achieve an Annualized Failure Rate (AFR) of 0.55% when operated in an environment of ambient air temperatures of 25°C. Operation at temperatures outside the specifications in Section 2.8, Environmental Specifications may increase the product AFR. AFR is a population statistics that is not relevant to individual units.

AFR specifications are based on the following assumptions for consumer electronics environments:

- 8760 power-on-hours per year
- 10,000 average motor start/stop cycles per year
- Operations at nominal voltages
- Temperatures outside the specifications in Section 2.8, Environmental Specifications may reduce the product reliability.
- Normal I/O duty cycle for consumer electronics environments. Operation at excessive I/O duty cycle may degrade product reliability.

The consumer electronics environment of power-on-hours, temperature, and I/O duty cycle affect the product AFR. The AFR will be degraded if used in a enterprise application.

Nonrecoverable read errors	1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read, max
Annualized Failure Rate (AFR)	0.55% (nominal power, 25°C ambient temperature)
Load/Unload (U/UL)	
25°C, 50% relative humidity	600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles
Warranty	To determine the warranty for a specific drive, use a web browser to access the following web page: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-returns/</u> From this page, click on the "Verify Your Warranty" link. You will be asked to provide the drive serial number, model number (or part number) and country of purchase. The system will display the warranty information for your drive.

2.12 AGENCY CERTIFICATION

2.12.1 Safety certification

These products are certified to meet the requirements of UL60950-1, CSA60950-1 and EN60950 and so marked as to the certify agency.

2.12.2 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

Hard drives that display the CE mark comply with the European Union (EU) requirements specified in the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2004/108/EC) as put into place 20 July 2007. Testing is performed to the levels specified by the product standards for Information Technology Equipment (ITE). Emission levels are defined by EN 55022, Class B and the immunity levels are defined by EN 55024.

Drives are tested in representative end-user systems. Although CE-marked Seagate drives comply with the directives when used in the test systems, we cannot guarantee that all systems will comply with the directives. The drive is designed for operation inside a properly designed enclosure, with properly shielded I/O cable (if necessary) and terminators on all unused I/O ports. Computer manufacturers and system integrators should confirm EMC compliance and provide CE marking for their products.

Korean RRL

If these drives have the Korean Communications Commission (KCC) logo, they comply with paragraph 1 of Article 11 of the Electromagnetic Compatibility control Regulation and meet the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Radio Research Laboratory (RRL) Communications Commission, Republic of Korea.

These drives have been tested and comply with the Electromagnetic Interference/Electromagnetic Susceptibility (EMI/EMS) for Class B products. Drives are tested in a representative, end-user system by a Korean-recognized lab.

- Certificate number: C35K-RSAY-U33N-S290
- Trade name or applicant: Seagate Technology LLC
- Certificate date: January 18, 2012
- Manufacturer/nationality: USA, Singapore and China

Australian C-Tick (N176)

If these models have the C-Tick marking, they comply with the Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS3548 1995 and meet the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Australian Communication Authority (ACA).

2.12.3 FCC verification

These drives are intended to be contained solely within a personal computer or similar enclosure (not attached as an external device). As such, each drive is considered to be a subassembly even when it is individually marketed to the customer. As a subassembly, no Federal Communications Commission verification or certification of the device is required.

Seagate has tested this device in enclosures as described above to ensure that the total assembly (enclosure, disk drive, motherboard, power supply, etc.) does comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J, Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation with noncertified assemblies is likely to result in interference to radio and television reception.

Radio and television interference This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception.

This equipment is designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television, which can be determined by turning the equipment on and off, you are encouraged to try one or more of the following corrective measures:

- Reorient the receiving antenna.
- Move the device to one side or the other of the radio or TV.
- Move the device farther away from the radio or TV.
- Plug the computer into a different outlet so that the receiver and computer are on different branch outlets.

If necessary, you should consult your dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. You may find helpful the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission: *How to Identify and Resolve Radio-Television Interference Problems*. This booklet is available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Refer to publication number 004-000-00345-4.

2.13 Environmental Protection

Seagate designs its products to meet environmental protection requirements worldwide, including regulations restricting certain chemical substances.

2.13.1 European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive

The European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive, restricts the presence of chemical substances, including Lead, Cadmium, Mercury, Hexavalent Chromium, PBB and PBDE, in electronic products, effective July 2006. This drive is manufactured with components and materials that comply with the RoHS Directive.

2.13.2 China Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive 中国限制危险物品的指令

This product has an Environmental Protection Use Period (EPUP) of 20 years. The following table contains information mandated by China's "Marking Requirements for Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products" Standard.



该产品具有20年的环境保护使用周期 (EPUP)。 下表包含了中国 "电子产品所导致的污染的控制的记号要求"所指定的信息。

	Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements有毒有害物质或元素					
Name of Parts 部件名称	Lead 铅 (Pb)	Mercury 汞 (Hg)	Cadmium 福 (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium 六价铬 (Cr6+)	·	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether 多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
PCBA	Х	0	0	0	0	0
HDA	Х	0	0	0	0	0

"O" indicates the hazardous and toxic substance content of the part (at the homogenous material level) is lower than the threshold defined by the China RoHS MCV Standard.

"O"表示该部件(于同类物品程度上)所含的危险和有毒物质低于中国RoHS MCV标准所定义的门槛值。

"X" indicates the hazardous and toxic substance content of the part (at the homogenous material level) is over the threshold defined by the China RoHS MCV Standard.

"X"表示该部件(于同类物品程度上)所含的危险和有毒物质超出中国RoHS MCV标准所定义的门槛值。

2.14 CORROSIVE ENVIRONMENT

Seagate electronic drive components pass accelerated corrosion testing equivalent to 10 years exposure to light industrial environments containing sulfurous gases, chlorine and nitric oxide, classes G and H per ASTM B845. However, this accelerated testing cannot duplicate every potential application environment.

Users should use caution exposing any electronic components to uncontrolled chemical pollutants and corrosive chemicals as electronic drive component reliability can be affected by the installation environment. The silver, copper, nickel and gold films used in Seagate products are especially sensitive to the presence of sulfide, chloride, and nitrate contaminants. Sulfur is found to be the most damaging. In addition, electronic components should never be exposed to condensing water on the surface of the printed circuit board assembly (PCBA) or exposed to an ambient relative humidity greater than 95%. Materials used in cabinet fabrication, such as vulcanized rubber, that can outgas corrosive compounds should be minimized or eliminated. The useful life of any electronic equipment may be extended by replacing materials near circuitry with sulfide-free alternatives.

3.0 CONFIGURING AND MOUNTING THE DRIVE

This section contains the specifications and instructions for configuring and mounting the drive.

3.1 HANDLING AND STATIC-DISCHARGE PRECAUTIONS

After unpacking, and before installation, the drive may be exposed to potential handling and electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards. Observe the following standard handling and static-discharge precautions.

CAUTION	 Keep the drive in the electrostatic discharge (ESD) bag until you are ready for installation to limit the drive's exposure to ESD. Before handling the drive, put on a grounded wrist strap, or ground yourself frequently by touching the metal chassis of a computer that is plugged into a grounded outlet. Wear a grounded wrist strap throughout the entire installation procedure. Handle the drive by its edges or frame <i>only</i>. The drive is extremely fragile—handle it with care. Do not press down on the drive top cover. Always rest the drive on a padded, antistatic surface until you mount it in the computer. Do not touch the connector pins or the printed circuit board. Do not remove the factory-installed labels from the drive or cover them with additional labels. Removal voids the warranty. Some factory-installed labels contain information needed to service the drive. Other labels are used to seal out dirt and contamination.
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3.2 CONFIGURING THE DRIVE

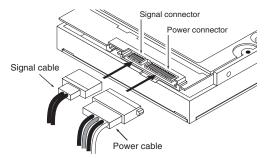
Each drive on the Serial ATA interface connects point-to-point with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/slave relationship because each drive is considered a master in a point-to-point relationship. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. Both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

3.3 SERIAL ATA CABLES AND CONNECTORS

The Serial ATA interface cable consists of four conductors in two differential pairs, plus three ground connections. The cable size may be 30 to 26 AWG with a maximum length of one meter (39.37 in). Refer to **Table 8** for connector pin definitions. Either end of the SATA signal cable can be attached to the drive or host.

For direct backplane connection, the drive connectors are inserted directly into the host receptacle. The drive and the host receptacle incorporate features that enable the direct connection to be hot pluggable and blind mateable. For installations which require cables, you can connect the drive as shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2 Attaching SATA Cabling



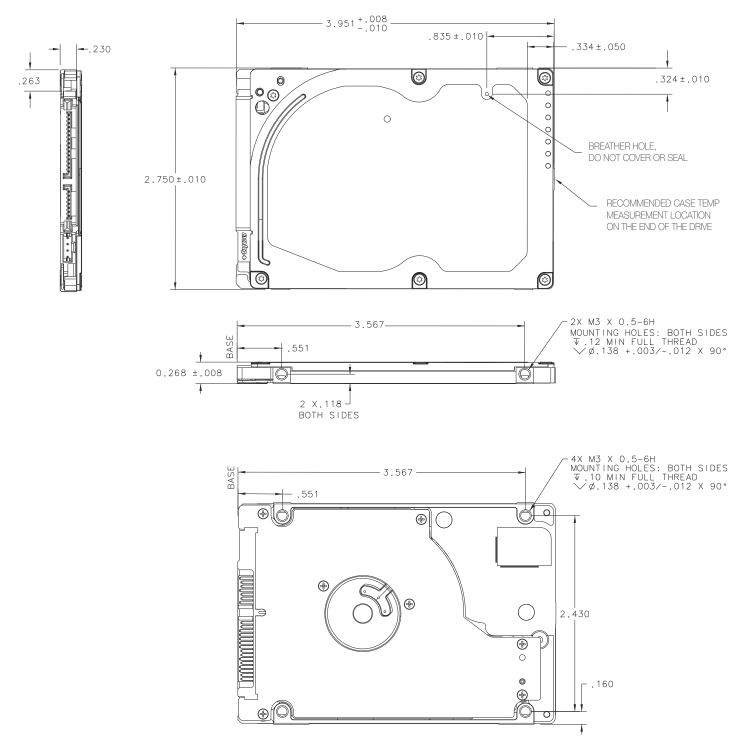
Each cable is keyed to ensure correct orientation. Seagate Video 2.5 HDD drives support latching SATA connectors.

3.4 DRIVE MOUNTING

You can mount the drive in any orientation using four screws in the side-mounting holes or four screws in the bottom-mounting holes. Refer to **Figure 3** for drive mounting dimensions. Follow these important mounting precautions when mounting the drive:

- Allow a minimum clearance of 0.030 in (0.76 mm) around the entire perimeter of the drive for cooling.
- Use only M3 UNC mounting screws.
- Four (4) threads (0.080 in) minimum screw engagement recommended.
- Do not overtighten the mounting screws (maximum torque: 4.0 in-lb).

Figure 3 Mounting Dimensions (500, 320 & 250GB models)



4.0 SERIAL ATA (SATA) INTERFACE

These drives use the industry-standard Serial ATA interface that supports FIS data transfers. It supports ATA programmed input/output (PIO) modes 0–4; multiword DMA modes 0–2, and Ultra DMA modes 0–6. The drive also supports the use of the IORDY signal to provide reliable high-speed data transfers.

For detailed information about the Serial ATA interface, refer to the Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification.

4.1 HOT-PLUG COMPATIBILITY

Seagate Video 2.5 HDD drives incorporate connectors which enable you to hot plug these drives in accordance with the Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification revision 2.0. This specification can be downloaded from www.serialata.org. This device requires a COMRESET from the host after a hotplug event.

4.2 SERIAL ATA DEVICE PLUG CONNECTOR PIN DEFINITIONS

Table 8 summarizes the signals on the Serial ATA interface and power connectors. Refer to the Notes below.

Table 8 Serial ATA Connector Pin Definitions

SEGMENT	PIN	FUNCTION	DEFINITION		
	S1	Ground	2nd mate		
	S2	A+	Differential signal pair A from Dhy		
	S 3	A-	Differential signal pair A from Phy		
	S4	Ground	2nd mate		
	S5	В-			
	S6	B+	Differential signal pair B from Phy		
SIGNAL	S7	Ground	2nd mate		
	Key and spacing separate signal and power segments				

Table 8	Serial ATA	Connector Pin	Definitions	(continued)
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Segment	ΡιΝ	FUNCTION	DEFINITION
	P1	V ₃₃	3.3V power
	P2	V ₃₃	3.3V power
	P3	V ₃₃	3.3V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P4	Ground	1st mate
	P5	Ground	2nd mate
	P6	Ground	2nd mate
	P7	V ₅	5V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
Power	P8	V ₅	5V power
	P9	V ₅	5V power
	P10	Ground	2nd mate
	P11	Ground or LED signal	If grounded, drive does not use deferred spin
	P12	Ground	1st mate
	P13	V ₁₂	12V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P14	V ₁₂	12V power
	P15	V ₁₂	12V power

NOTES

- 2 The comments on the mating sequence apply to the case of backplane blindmate connector only. In this case, the mating sequences are:
 - the ground pins P4 and P12.
 - the pre-charge power pins and the other ground pins.
- the signal pins and the rest of the power pins.
 3 There are three power pins for each voltage. One pin from each voltage is used for pre-charge when installed in a blind-mate backplane configuration.
- 4 All used voltage pins (V_x) must be terminated.

¹ All pins are in a single row, with a 1.27 mm (0.050 in) pitch.

4.3 SUPPORTED ATA COMMANDS

 Table 9 lists Serial ATA standard commands that the drive supports. For a detailed description of the ATA commands, refer to the Serial ATA International Organization: Serial ATA (Revision 2.6). Refer to www.sata-io.org.

Refer to S.M.A.R.T. commands on page 24 for details and subcommands used in the S.M.A.R.T. implementation.

Table 9 Supp	orted ATA comman	ds
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ATA-standard commands names	Command code (in hex)
Device Configuration Restore	B1h/C0h
Device Configuration Freeze Lock	B1h/C1h
Device Configuration Identify	B1h/C2h
Device Configuration Set	B1h/C3h
Download Microcode	92h
Execute Device Diagnostics	90h
Flush Cache	E7h
Flush Cache Extended	EAh
Identify Device	ECh
Initialize Device Parameters	91h
Read Buffer	E4h
Read DMA	C8h
Read DMA Extended	25h
Read DMA without Retries	C9h
Read Long with Retries	22h
Read Long without Retries	23h
Read Multiple	C4h
Read Multiple Extended	29h
Read Native Max Address	F8h
Read Native Max Address Extended	27h
Read Sectors	20h
Read Sectors Extended	24h
Read Sectors without Retries	21h
Read Verify Sectors	40h
Read Verify Sectors Extended	42h
Read Verify Sectors without Retries	41h
Seek	70h
Set Features	EFh
Set Max Address	F9h
Note: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.	Address: 00 _H Password: 01 _H Lock: 02 _H Unlock: 03 _H Freeze Lock: 04 _H
Set Multiple Mode	C6h
S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations	B0h/D9h
S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave	B0h/D2h
S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations	B0h/D8h

Table 9 Supported ATA commands

4.3.1 Identify Device command

The Identify Device command (command code EC_H) transfers information about the drive to the host following power up. The data is organized as a single 512-byte block of data, whose contents are shown in Table 10. All reserved bits or words should be set to zero. Parameters listed with an "x" are drive-specific or vary with the state of the drive. Refer to Drive Specifications on page 3 for default parameter settings.

The following commands contain drive-specific features that may not be included in the Serial ATA specification.

Table 10 Identify Device command

Word	Description	Value
0	Configuration information: • Bit 15: 0 = ATA; 1 = ATAPI • Bit 7: removable media • Bit 6: removable controller • Bit 0: reserved	0C5A _H
1	Number of logical cylinders	16,383
2	Specific configuration	C837 _H
3	Number of logical heads	16
4	Retired	0000 _H
5	Retired	0000 _H
6	Number of logical sectors per logical track: 63	003F _H
7–9	Retired	0000 _H
10–19	Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000 _H = none)	ASCII
20	Retired	0000 _H
21	Retired	8000 _H
22	Obsolete	0004 _H
23–26	Firmware revision: (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)	x.xx
27–46	Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)	ST500VT000 ST320VT000 ST250VT000
47	(Bits 7–0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16)	8010 _H
48	Trusted Computing Feature set options	0000 _H
49	Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled	2F00 _H
50	Capabilities	4000 _H
51	PIO data-transfer cycle timing mode	0200 _H
52	Retired	0200 _H
53	Words 54–58, 64–70 and 88 are valid	0007 _H
54	Number of current logical cylinders	xxxx _H
55	Number of current logical heads	xxxx _H
56	Number of current logical sectors per logical track	xxxx _H
57–58	Current capacity in sectors	xxxx _H
59	Number of sectors transferred during a Read Multiple or Write Multiple command	xxxx _H
60–61	Total number of user-addressable sectors This field contains a value that is one greater than the total number of user-addressable sectors. The maximum value that shall be placed in this field is 0FFFFFFh. The 0FFFFFFh value applies to all capacities over 137GB (see Section 2.1 for related information).	ST500VT000 = 0FFFFFFh ST320VT000 = 0FFFFFFh ST250VT000 = 0FFFFFFh

Table 10 Identify Device command

Word	Description	Value
62	Retired	0000 _H
63	Multiword DMA active and modes supported (see note following this table)	<i>xx</i> 07 _H
64	Advanced PIO modes supported (modes 3 and 4 supported)	0003 _H
65	Minimum multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 ns)	0078 _H
66	Recommended multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 ns)	0078 _H
67	Minimum PIO cycle time without IORDY flow control (240 ns)	0078 _H
68	Minimum PIO cycle time with IORDY flow control (120 ns)	0078 _H
69–74	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
75	Queue depth	001F _H
76	Serial ATA capabilities	0D06 _H
77	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
78	Serial ATA features supported	0048 _H
79	Serial ATA features enabled	0048 _H
80	Major version number	01F0 _H
81	Minor version number	0029 _H
82	Command sets supported	746B _H
83	Command sets supported	7D09 _H
84	Command sets support extension	61E3 _H
85	Command sets enabled	7469
86	Command sets enabled	BC09 _H
87	Command sets enable extension	61E3 _H
88	Ultra DMA support and current mode (see note following this table)	xx7F _H
89	Security erase time	xxxx _H
90	Enhanced security erase time	xxxx _H
91	Current APM values	8080 _H
92	Master password revision code	FFFE _H
93	Hardware reset value (see description following this table)	xxxx _H
94	Auto acoustic management setting	xxxx _H
95	Stream Min. Request Size	0000 _H
96	Streaming Transfer Time - DMA	0000 _H
97	Streaming Access Latency - DMA and PIO	0000 _H
98-99	Streaming Performance Granularity	0000 _H
100–103	Total number of user-addressable LBA sectors available (see Section 3.2 for related information) These words are required for drives that support the 48-bit addressing feature. Maximum value: 0000FFFFFFFFFFFFF.	ST500VT000 = 976,773,168 ST320VT000 = 976,773,168 ST250VT000 = 976,773,168
104	Streaming Transfer Time - PIO	0000 _H
105	Reserved	0000 _H
106	Physical sector size / Logical sector size	6003 _H
107	Seagate reserved	0000 _H
		•

Table 10 Identify Device command

Word	Description	Value
108-111	The mandatory value of the world wide name (WWN) for the drive. NOTE: This field is valid if word 84, bit 8 is set to 1 indicating 64-bit WWN support.	Each drive will have a unique value.
112-118	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
119	Free Fall Protection support (bit 5)	1 = Free Fall Protection supported 0 = Free Fall Protection not supported
120	Free Fall Protection enable/disable (bit 5)	1 = Free Fall Protection feature is enabled 0 = Free Fall Protection feature is disabled
121–127	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
128	Security status	0021 _H
129–159	Seagate-reserved	xxxx _H
160–254	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
255	Integrity word	xxA5 _H

NOTE See the bit descriptions below for words 63, 88 and 93 of the Identify Drive data.

Table 11 Bit Descriptions

Descript	escription (if bit is set to 1)	
Віт	Word 63	
0	Multiword DMA mode 0 is supported.	
1	Multiword DMA mode 1 is supported.	
2	Multiword DMA mode 2 is supported.	
8	Multiword DMA mode 0 is currently active.	
9	Multiword DMA mode 1 is currently active.	
10	Multiword DMA mode 2 is currently active.	
Віт	Word 88	
0	Ultra DMA mode 0 is supported.	
1	Ultra DMA mode 1 is supported.	
2	Ultra DMA mode 2 is supported.	
3	Ultra DMA mode 3 is supported.	
4	Ultra DMA mode 4 is supported.	
5	Ultra DMA mode 5 is supported.	
6	Ultra DMA mode 6 is supported.	
8	Ultra DMA mode 0 is currently active.	
9	Ultra DMA mode 1 is currently active.	
10	Ultra DMA mode 2 is currently active.	
11	Ultra DMA mode 3 is currently active.	
12	Ultra DMA mode 4 is currently active.	
13	Ultra DMA mode 5 is currently active.	
14	Ultra DMA mode 6 is currently active.	

Table 11 Bit Descriptions (continued)

Віт	Word 93
13	1 = 80-conductor cable detected, CBLID above VIH 0 = 40-conductor cable detected, CBLID below VIL

4.3.2 Set Features command

This command controls the implementation of various features that the drive supports. When the drive receives this command, it sets BSY, checks the contents of the Features register, clears BSY and generates an interrupt. If the value in the register does not represent a feature that the drive supports, the command is aborted. Power-on default has the read look-ahead and write caching features enabled.

The acceptable values for the Features register are defined as follows:

Table 12 Set Features command values

02 _H	Enable write cache (<i>default</i>).
03 _H	Set transfer mode (based on value in Sector Count register). Sector Count register values:
	$00_{\rm H}$ Set PIO mode to default (PIO mode 2).
	$01_{\rm H}$ Set PIO mode to default and disable IORDY (PIO mode 2).
	08 _H PIO mode 0
	09 _H PIO mode 1
	0A _H PIO mode 2
	0B _H PIO mode 3
	0C _H PIO mode 4 (<i>default</i>)
	20 _H Multiword DMA mode 0
	21 _H Multiword DMA mode 1
	22 _H Multiword DMA mode 2
	40 _H Ultra DMA mode 0
	41 _H Ultra DMA mode 1
	42 _H Ultra DMA mode 2
	43 _H Ultra DMA mode 3
	44 _H Ultra DMA mode 4
	45 _H Ultra DMA mode 5
	46 _H Ultra DMA mode 6
55 _H	Disable read look-ahead (read cache) feature.
82 _H	Disable write cache
AA _H	Enable read look-ahead (read cache) feature (<i>default</i>).
F1 _H	Report full capacity available

NOTE At power-on, or after a hardware or software reset, the default values of the features are as indicated above.

4.3.3 S.M.A.R.T. commands

S.M.A.R.T. provides near-term failure prediction for disk drives. When S.M.A.R.T. is enabled, the drive monitors predetermined drive attributes that are susceptible to degradation over time. If self-monitoring determines that a failure is likely, S.M.A.R.T. makes a status report available to the host. Not all failures are predictable. S.M.A.R.T. predictability is limited to the attributes the drive can monitor. For more information on S.M.A.R.T. commands and implementation, see the *Draft ATA-5 Standard*.

SeaTools diagnostic software activates a built-in drive self-test (DST S.M.A.R.T. command for $D4_H$) that eliminates unnecessary drive returns. The diagnostic software ships with all new drives and is also available at: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/downloads/seatools/</u>.

This drive is shipped with S.M.A.R.T. features disabled. You must have a recent BIOS or software package that supports S.M.A.R.T. to enable this feature. The table below shows the S.M.A.R.T. command codes that the drive uses.

CODE IN FEATURES REGISTER	S.M.A.R.T. COMMAND
D0 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Read Data
D2 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Attribute Autosave
D3 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values
D4 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Execute Off-line Immediate (runs DST)
D5 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector
D6 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector
D8 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations
D9 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations
DA _H	S.M.A.R.T. Return Status

Table 13 S.M.A.R.T. Commands

NOTE If an appropriate code is not written to the Features Register, the command is aborted and 0x04 (abort) is written to the Error register.

A

acoustics 10 active mode 8 Address 18 agency certification 11 ambient temperature 5 Annualized Failure Rate (AFR) 11 areal density 5 ATA commands 18 Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS3548 1995 12 Australian Communication Authority (ACA) 12 Australian C-Tick 12 Average seek time 5

В

buffer 5

С

cables and connectors 14 capacity 4 CE mark 11 certification 11 Check Power Mode 19 China RoHS directive 13 compatibility 11 conducted noise 7 conducted RF immunity 10 configuring and mounting the drive 14 connectors 14 corrosive environment 13 CSA60950-1 11

D

DC power 6 density 5 Device Configuration Freeze Lock 18 Device Configuration Restore 18 Device Configuration Set 18 Diagnostics 18 dimensions 15 dissipation 6 Download Microcode 18

Ε

electrical fast transient 10 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) 11, 12 Electromagnetic Compatibility control Regulation 12 Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2004/108/EC) 11 electromagnetic immunity 10 electrostatic discharge (ESD) 10, 14 EN 55022, Class B 11 EN 55024 11 EN60950 11 enclosures 12 environmental specifications 9 errors 11 ESD 14 EU 11 EU RoHS directive 13 European Union (EU) requirements 11 evice Configuration Identify 18 Execute Device Diagnostics 18

F

FCC verification 12 features 2 Flush Cache 18 Flush Cache Extended 18 formatted capacity 4 Freeze Lock 18

G

Gs (acceleration of gravity) 10 guaranteed sectors 4

Η

handling precautions 14 height 5

I

I/O data-transfer rate 5 Identify 18 Identify Device 18 Identify Device command 20 Idle 19 Idle Immediate 19 idle mode 6, 8 Information Technology Equipment (ITE) 11 Initialize Device Parameters 18 input noise ripple 7 interface 16 interference 12 ITE 11

Κ

KCC 12 Korean Communications Commission 12 Korean Radio Research Laboratory (RRL) 12

L

LBA mode 4 length 5

Μ

master/slave 2 Max Address 18 Microcode 18 mounting 15

Ν

noise 7 nominal power 5 nonoperating shock 9 nonoperating vibration 10 nonrecoverable read errors 11

0

operating shock 9 operating vibration 9

Ρ

physical characteristics 5 Physical organization 4 point-to-point 2, 14 power consumption 6 power dissipation 6 power management modes 8 power modes 8 power specifications 6 precautions 14 printed circuit board 14 programmable power management 8 prominent discrete tone 10

Q

quick reference 3

R

Radiated RF immunity 10 radio and television interference 12 radio frequency (RF) 10 random track location 6 Read Buffer 18 Read DMA 18 Read DMA Extended 18 Read DMA without Retries 18 read errors 11 Read Long with Retries 18 Read Long without Retries 18 Read Multiple 18 Read Multiple Extended 18 Read Native Max Address 18 Read Native Max Address Extended 18 Read Sectors 18 Read Sectors Extended 18 Read Sectors without Retries 18 Read Verify Sectors 18 Read Verify Sectors Extended 18 Read Verify Sectors without Retries 18 read/write power 6 recording density 5 recording method 5 recording technology 5

reliability 11 Retries 18 RMS read/write current 7 RoHS 13 RRL 12

S

S.M.A.R.T. 19 S.M.A.R.T. implementation 18 safety certification 11 SATA ports 2 Seagate Technology Support Services 1 sectors 4 Security Disable Password 19 Security Erase Prepare 19 Security Erase Unit 19 Security Freeze Lock 19 Security Set Password 19 Security Unlock 19 Seek 18 seek mode 6 Seek time 5 seek time 6 Self refresh, low power 8 Serial ATA (SATA) interface 16 Set Features 18 Set Max Address 18 Set Multiple Mode 18 shock 9 single-track seeks 5 Sleep 19 sleep 6 sleep mode 8 spindle speed 5 spinup (DC power) 6 spinup power 6 Standby 19 standby 6 Standby Immediate 19 standby mode 6, 8 standby timer 8 Start/stop times 6 static-discharge 14 subassembly 12 surge immunity 10

Т

temperature 5 timers (Idle and Standby) 8 track density 5 Track-to-track seek time 5

U

UL60950-1 11

V

vibration 9 voltage dips, interrupts 10 voltage tolerance 7

W

warranty 11 weight 5 width 5 Write Buffer 19 Write DMA 19 Write DMA Extended 19 Write Long with Retries 19 Write Long without Retries 19 Write Multiple 19 Write Sectors 19



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